

SUBJECT: Counter Intelligence Corps Semi-Monthly Report.

No. 17

Period Covered: 16 August 1947 to 31 August 1947.

1. Sabotage and Espionage:

(2). A report received from Cheju reveals that on the night of 2 Aug 1947, the telephone wires connecting the Military Government to the Infantry Post at Cheju Airport had been severed. Since the wires had been cut sharply and cleanly, possible sabotage of communications between Military Government and the Infantry seemed reasonable.

S/I dtd 4 Aug 1947, Telephone Wires, Possible Sabotage of.

3. Political Section.

(2) South Korea Labor Party.

On 4 July 1947, several men were arrested in Hado-Ri, Cheju District, while attempting to distribute handbills on Joint Commission propaganda. These handbills contained the usual Leftist propaganda about supporting the Joint Commission, putting into practice the decisions of the three ministers, the establishment of the peoples' economy along the spirit of the three ministers in North Korea, support of the Trusteeship, and the immediate revocation of the order of arrest of PAK, Hun Young, who is a friend of the people, a true and honest patriot.

(5). Leftist Propaganda concerning Joint Commission.

On the night of 5 August 1947, the following handbills were distributed throughout the city of Cheju. These handbills are similar to many such handbills which are being distributed throughout the whole of Cheju Do.

1. "May a Korea Independent country be established. May a Korean Interim Democratic Government be established, and may a Korean People's Government be established. God Bless the Democratic People's Front."

2. "See Farmers, let us oppose the compulsory grain collection program by which murdering police will be distributed five hops of rice a day, and rascals, terrorist members of the Kwang Bok Youth Association will satisfy their stomachs. See Farmers, as there is as much as 14,000 suks of rice in the provincial Government, let us oppose the grain collection program at any cost."

3. "People demand that all of the property in Korea may be managed after we have our own democratic government. We people demand that Japanese houses may be sold after we have our own government because they are the most important part of the property. We send our earnest gratitude to the delegates of the United States and the USSR who struggle for Korean Independence at the Joint Commission. May Korean Republic be established. God Bless the Democratic People's Front".

(S/I dtd 7 August 47, SUBJ: Leftist Handbills, Distribution of).

• 대동청년단의 테러 행위(1947. 10. 31)

SECRET

UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES IN KOREA
HEADQUARTERS
COUNTER INTELLIGENCE CORPS
APO 235

31 October 1947

SUBJECT: Counter Intelligence Corps Semi-Monthly Report.

No. 21

Period Covered: 16 October 1947 to 31 October 1947.

III. Political Section.

(1). Terrorism:

After a month of comparatively few acts of violence, terrorism is once again on the increase. Most of the acts were and are being committed by rightist youth groups, with only one of two instances reported where leftist elements staged an attack. Many reports have been received concerning the newly organized Dai Dong Chung Myun Dang youth organization. This organization, organized by General LEE, Chung Chun, is composed of all the rightist youth groups of South Korea. These are the first reports of terrorism concerning the Dai Dong but well point to the possibility that this organization will become, like its associate rightist youth groups, terrorist groups or if not, at least not above practicing terrorism.

Cheju Do CIC reported that during the week of 17 Oct 47, at least five different people in five separate villages on the east end of Cheju Do island were attacked by the Dai Dong, which was at that time making a membership drive around the island. The acts ended immediately after Cheju-Do CIC contacted the Police chief concerning the matter.

VI. Miscellaneous:

(2). War Criminal Supposedly on Cheju-Do Island:

According to information received from a confidential informant, one LEE, Heung Suk, Vice-chief of Police on Cheju Island, was previously Commander of the Railway Corps of the Japanese Army with the rank of Major. During his tour of duty, LEE placed in captivity thousands of English nationals and subjected them to compulsory labor. Some were brutally tortured and beaten and shot to death by his command. LEE was smuggled into Korea from Japan by sea immediately after the liberation. He then obtained his present office and established secret connections with the Japanese causing considerable trouble to the Korean People.

(S/I dtd 16 Oct 47, LEE, Heung Suk, Vice-chief of Police, Cheju Island.)

• 대동청년단 강제 가입활동(1947. 11. 15)

UNITED STATES ARMY FORCES IN KOREA
HEADQUARTERS
COUNTER INTELLIGENCE CORPS
APO 235

15 November 1947

SUBJECT: Counter Intelligence Corps Semi-Monthly Report.