Sabotage (Bridges)
Sabotage (Power)
Strikes (Labor)
Strikes (Schools)

• 제주도 게릴라부대(1948. 9. 24)

XXIV CORPS G-2 W/S #158 PART I

6. Civil Unrest

b. Peoples Guerrilla Forces on CHEJU DO

According to information received from a fairly reliable source, the present guerrilla forces (Peoples Army) on CHEJU DO have divided the island into four districts. Each district controls from two to four myuns. In each myun there is one or two designated bases of operations at which the myun unit is located or at which it is possible to concentrate the myun units of the entire district. The four military districts are under the command of KIM Tal Sam, supreme commander of the guerrilla forces during the anti-election uprisings. The strength of active armed guerrilla forces is estimated to be 184, with approximately four times as many unarmed persons connected with the raiders in such capacities as supply, records, liaison, intelligence and political personnel.

COMMENT: Since many mainland police reserves have been withdrawn from CHEJU DO during the past two weeks, it may be assumed that the guerrillas intend to take full advantage of the decrease in police strength in the event of a "go ahead" signal to create riots and disturbances.

• 제주도의 게릴라 폭력(1948. 10. 1)

XXIV CORPS G-2 W/S #159 PART I

6. Civil Unrest

b. Guerrilla Violence on Cheju Do

During the reporting period, several delayed reports disclosed a renewal of guerrilla activities on Cheju Do. Between 15-18 September 1948, 5 persons were killed by raider groups in various locations throughout the island. In 2 instances raiders abducted and intimidated villagers in an apparent effort to increase their prestige or demonstrate their power. One police box was also fired upon but no damage resulted.

• 제주도 게릴라 경찰 공격(1948. 10. 8)

XXIV CORPS G-2 W/S #160 PART I

b. Communist Violence

On 01 October 1948, guerrilas on Cheju Do attacked the police in two towns and burned a police box; 7 policemen were killed, several wounded and 2 abducted. Guerrilas also kidnapped and killed 3 members of the UNITED MENS' PARTY. In all cases, part of the raiders were reported to be wearing constabulary uniforms. On 06 October 1948, the police and constabulary contacted armed guerrila forces at KUMNYONG (975-1157) and CHANGDAL LI (988-1148) respectively. In the ensuing firefights, one constabulary member was killed, 4 cohstabulary wounded and one policeman wounded. Raider casualties are unknown. The constabulary began operations in the South Gun on 06 October 1948, in an effort to disrupt and disperse guerrila activities.

(1) Weekly Violence Summary