

of KOREA and is proceeding with the establishment of a government favorable to it by carrying out this election, which will be followed by continuous tragic developments. It will also increase the difficulties of the Korean people and further endanger the stability of the Far East."

COMMENT: Primarily, this editorial appears to portray CHINA's fear of a resurgent JAPAN, a movement which is being aided in KOREA by the predominant "pro-Japanese" and "pro-American" elements. The activities of both groups, it is asserted, are inimical to peace in the Far East.

• 폭우로 경비대활동 제한(1948. 7. 9)

PART I
SOUTH KOREA

From: 021200/I July 48
To : 091200/I July 48

Headquarters, USAFIK
Seoul, Korea
09 July 1948

No. 147

a. ARMED FORCES

2. Operational Activity (Confidential)

c. Constabulary Action On CHEJU-DO

Heavy rains limited constabulary action to minor patrolling. (A-1)

a. Weekly Violence Summary

A summary of acts of violence involving communists for the week as reported up to 09 July is as follows:

	Seoul	Kyonggi-Do	Kangwon-Do	Chungcheong-Pukto	Chungcheong-Namdo	Cholla-Namdo	Cholla-Pukto	Kyongsang-Namdo	Kyongsang-Pukto	Cholla-Do	Total
Attacks on towns											
Attacks on police											
Police killed											
Communists killed											
Rightists killed			1			2				1	4
Demonstrations, disorders, arson, & attacks on rightists			1			2				1	4
Attacks on government buildings											
Sabotage (communications)											
Sabotage (RR lines)		1									1
Sabotage (roads)											
Sabotage (bridges)											
Sabotage (power)											
Strikes (labor)											
Strikes (schools)											

• 1948년 4월~6월의 정보요약 일지(1948. 7. 16)

PART I
SOUTH KOREA

From: 091200/I July 48
To : 161200/I July 48

Headquarters, USAFIK
Seoul, Korea
16 July 1948

No. 148

CHRONOLOGICAL SUMMARY: APRIL, MAY, JUNE 1948
(See W/S #133 for C. S. of preceding period)

03 April Serious rioting begins on Cheju-do.
08 April Cheju-do rioting figures show 19 killed since 3 April (4 police, 12 Rightist civilians, 3 Communists), 21 wounded (5 police, 16 Rightists), 3 police and 4 Rightists are missing.
01 May Eight American dependents are evacuated from Cheju-do as fresh raids break out.
02 May Six people are killed in May Day violence on Cheju-do.
10 May More than 6,000,000 of the 7,000,000 registered voters go to the polls in Korea's first election.
26 May Major General John B. Coulter is announced as Deputy Commander, USAFIK and XXIV Corps.
01 June Civil Administrator AHN Chai Hong submits resignation, effective 08 June.
08 June Several Korean fishing boats are bombed by Japan-based U.S. aircraft off Dok-do (Liancourt Rocks). Fourteen Koreans reported killed.
10 June Military Governor postpones Cheju-do elections for an indefinite period.
19 June Colonel PAK Chin Kyung, commander of the Korean Constabulary in Cheju-do, is fatally shot while asleep in his quarters.

제11연대 수원으로 이동(1948. 7. 23)

PART I
SOUTH KOREA

From: 161200/I July 48
To : 231200/I July 48

Headquarters, USAFIK
Seoul, Korea
23 July 1948

No. 149

A. ARMED FORCES

2. Operational Activity (Confidential)

c. Constabulary Action on CHEJU-DO

South Korean Constabulary action on CHEJU-DO was limited to a regrouping of troops. The 11th Regiment, which was located on CHEJU-DO is scheduled to close in the SUWON (1102-1609), area, 23 July. Two battalions of the 3rd Brigade, to be attached to the 9th Regiment moved from PUSAN to CHEJU-DO on 21 July.

7월 30일~8월 6일 사건 추가보고(1948. 8. 13)

XXIV CORPS G-2 W/S #152 PART I

4. Civil Unrest

a. Communist Violence

(2) Delayed Reports Covering Last Week