

a police wire-repair crew and two attacks on police boxes on CHEJU DO, and firing of one shot by an unknown sniper at a SEOUL mounted policeman; the bullet ripped the latter's belt but did no other harm.

- (2) Two towns attacked on CHEJU DO
 - (3) Nine (9) rioters killed by police: five (5) in CHOLLA-NAMDO, three (3) in KYONGGANG-PUKTO and one on CHEJU DO.
 - (4) Twenty-two (22) rightists and members of rightist and police families killed: fifteen (15) on CHEJU DO, five (5) in KYONGSANG-PUKTO, one in KYONGSANG-NAMDO and one in CHUNGCHONG-PUKTO.
- c. Delayed Reports Covering Last Week

Delayed reports of incidents that occurred during the week ending 16 April which were not carried in last week's summary (see Part I, 2c., W/S #137) are:

- (1) Two attacks on CHEJU DO police boxes.
- (2) Three rioters killed by police: two on CHEJU DO and one in CHOLLA-NAMDO.
- (3) Three rightists killed by attacking communists: one in KYONGSANG-PUKTO, one in KYONGSANG-NAMDO and one on CHEJU DO.

E. SABOTAGE AND ESPIONAGE

Sabotage against police wire communications was continued on CHEJU DO this week. (Police report) Elsewhere, sabotage activities against wire communications was nearly nil. One US army temporary line being used in a field problem was cut with an axe on 04 April. (A-1)

· 민간인 소요 / 우익공격 등(1948. 5. 14)

XXIV CORPS G-2 W/S #137 PART I

b. Constabulary Action on CHEJU DO

The primary mission of the Constabulary during the election period was the protection of balloting places. For this purpose the units were widely dispersed in small groups and no effective punitive action against the communists was undertaken. Since 12 May the Constabulary has been engaged in searching and destroying some of the numerous caves which are believed to serve as hiding places for the raiders of the island.

c. A Week's Violence In South KOREA

Anti-election violence during election week in South KOREA was heaviest on CHEJU DO and, on the mainland, in KYONGSANG-PUKTO.

A summary of acts of violence involving communists for the week is as follows:

- (1) 34 attacks on police: 8 in KYONGGI DO outside of SEOUL, 7 in SEOUL, 6 in KYONGSANG-NAMDO, 4 in KYONGSANG-PUKTO, 7 on CHEJU DO, 1 in CHUNGCHONG-NAMDO and 1 in KANGWON DO.
- (3) 42 rioters killed: 20 in KYONGSANG-PUKTO, 8 in CHOLLA-NAMDO, 3 in SEOUL, 2 in KYONGGI DO outside of SEOUL, 2 in KANGWON DO, 5 on CHEJU DO, 1 in CHOLLA-PUKTO and 1 in CHUNGCHONG-NAMDO.

(4) 45 rightists and members of rightist and police families killed: 20 on CHEJU-DO, 10 in KYONGSANG-PUKTO, 6 in CHOLLA-NAMDO, 3 in SEOUL, 2 in KYONGGI-DO outside of SEOUL, 2 in KANGWON-DO and 2 in KYONGSANG-NAMDO.

(5) 3 attacks on government buildings: 2 in CHUNGCHONG-NAMDO and 1 on CHEJU-DO.

(8) 53 attacks on voting booths: 12 in KYONGSANG-PUKTO, 11 in SEOUL, 7 in KYONGSANG-NAMDO, 6 in KYONGGI-DO outside of SEOUL, 6 on CHEJU-DO, 6 in CHUNGCHONG-NAMDO, 3 in CHOLLA-PUKTO, 1 in CHOLLA-NAMDO, and 1 in KANGWON-DO.

(9) 8 attacks on CHEJU-DO towns.

(10) 104 assorted demonstrations, disorders, arson cases and attacks on rightist offices and homes. The largest number of these incidents, 45, occurred on CHEJU-DO.

b. VIOLENCE IN SOUTH KOREA DURING THE 08, 09, 10 MAY ELECTION PERI

(REPORTS NOT ALL CONFIRMED)

Dates	Attacks on Police				Police Killed				Communists Killed				Rightists Killed			
	8	9	10	TOTAL	8	9	10	TOTAL	8	9	10	TOTAL	8	9	10	TOTAL
SEOUL		1	1	2												
KYONGGI DO		1	7	8			1	1			2	2				
KANGWON DO			1	1												
CHUNGCHONG			1	1												
HAIDO																
CHUNGCHONG																
PUKTO																
KYONGSANG																
PUKTO	2	1	2	5			1	1	10	3	6	19	3	5	2	10
KYONGSANG																
NAMDO	3	1	1	5			1	1					2			2
CHOLLA																
PUKTO																
CHOLLA																
NAMDO																
CHOLLA																
PUKTO																
CHOLLA																
NAMDO																
CHEJU DO	7	2	2	11					1				2	10	3	15
DAILY TOTAL	13	5	20	38					2				0	5	11	16
3 DAY TOTAL				38					7							41

