

Significantly the left wing of CHEJU DO is not anti-American and recent instances of terrorism have been rightist instigated. As a group the people are primarily concerned with their inherent poverty and evidence a lesser interest in politics.

• 한국군의 군사력(1948. 1. 30)

PART I
SOUTH KOREA

Secret

From: 231200/I Jan. 48
To : 301200/I Jan. 48

Headquarters, USAFIK
Seoul, Korea
30 January 1948

No. 124

1. ARMED FORCES

a. Strength (Secret)

The strength of the "armed forces" of South KOREA is as follows:

Police - Approximately 30,000, including 500 policewomen and 2,100 railroad police;
Constabulary - 14,800; and
Coast Guard - 2,850

The constabulary, has regimental strengths at present varying from 1,130 to 2,750 men, and a reduced-size regiment of 400 men on the island of CHEJU DO.

As of 01 January 1948, police forces were disposed as follows:

<u>DIVISION</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>HEADQUARTERS</u>	<u>STRENGTH</u>
A	KYONGGI DO	INCHON (960-1630)	5,602
B	KANGWON DO	CHUNCHON (1060-1680)	2,013
C	CHUNGCHONG NAMDO	TAEJON (1040-1490)	2,370
D	CHUNGCHONG PUKTO	CHONGJU (1040-1530)	1,474
E	KYONGSANG PUKTO	TAEJU (1150-1430)	3,537
F	CHOLLA PUKTO	CHONGJU (1010-1430)	2,408
G	KYONGSANG NAMDO	PUSAN (1200-1340)	3,504
H	CHOLLA NAMDO	KUANGJU (990-1350)	3,308
H	SEOUL	SEOUL (1000-1640)	5,044
CHEJU	CHEJU DO	CHEJU (950-1150)	455
R	(RAILROAD POLICE)	SOUTH KOREA	2,077