

- (8) 5-9 Mar - CHEJU-DO. Army operations report. Seven engagements with rebels. Eighty-nine rebels and 26 soldiers killed. One hundred six-sevon rebels captured. Three soldiers wounded, Korean Army confiscated 3 Japanese rifles and lost 2 light machine guns, 6 M-1 rifles and 7 carbines. (C-3)

▪ 사면 계획(1949. 3. 21)

G-2 PERIODIC REPORT

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Headquarters, USAFIK
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PART I

SOUTH KOREA

No. 1092

1. ARMED FORCES

d. Adopt Amnesty Program on CHEJU-DO

SHIN Sang Ho, new Defense Minister, upon his return from a two-week visit to CHEJU-DO where he had been supervising operations against rebel forces said that an amnesty program for guerrillas had been put into effect and would continue until 25 March. After that date an intensive effort to eliminate all rebels on the troubled island will be undertaken. (B-7)

▪ 국무총리의 제주도 상황 보고(1949. 3. 23)

NO USAFIK G-2 F/A #1093

2. CURRENT INTELLIGENCE

b. Prime Minister Delivers Report on CHEJU-DO

The Prime Minister, LEE Bum Suk, recently returned from an inspection tour of CHEJU-DO and gave a report on his findings to the National Assembly on 17 March. (B-1)

The Prime Minister stated, in effect, as follows:

Combat against the rebels was divided into three (3) different stages.

The 1st stage was the disposition of troops throughout all districts to safeguard the populace from rebel forces and maintain an adequate check on movement of villagers.

The 2nd stage was entered into when the troops, aided by loyal citizens, drove the rebels out of the villages into the mountains,

The 3rd and last stage, which is underway now, will sweep the last vestige of the rebel forces from the island.

Many rebels, affected by the present propaganda campaign, were surrendering to the security forces. On one day 500 rebels surrendered.

The National Police and Korean Army who had been exerting "great pressure" upon the CHEJU-DO populace were ordered to stop this practice.