

killed 31 civilians and 1 policeman, kidnapped 30 civilians and burned 30 homes. (Constabulary Report)

4. SABOTAGE AND ESPIONAGE

Burn Provincial Headquarters on CHEJU-DO

The Capitol building of CHEJU-DO at CHEJU (950-1150) was burned on 3 January and all provincial records were destroyed. Sabotage was suspected in the fire, which was confined to 1 building. An investigation is being conducted by the Constabulary. (Constabulary Report)

• 연대 교체기간 괴선박 출현(1949. 1. 7)

HQ USAFIK G-2, P/R 1031

b. Civil Unrest

(1) CHEJU-DO Raiders Step Up Action

On 6 January Constabulary intelligence sources reported that there had been an increase in Raider activities on CHEJU-DO within the past week. The guerrillas are said to have had an increase in armament and now possess a mortar, 4 machine guns and additional rifles.

Previously unreported attacks were made by the rebels on a HALLIM Myon (930-1130) village and on SHIBUK, a small north CHEJU village (coordinates unknown). In the attack in HALLIM Myon on 3 January 3 civilians were killed and 50 houses were burned, while in the raid on SHIBUK on 4 January the guerrillas were driven off by combined police-Constabulary action before serious damage was done. (Constabulary Report)

COMMENT: Korean Security forces see a parallel between the reported increase in guerrilla activities and the appearance of 2 vessels, flying the Soviet flag, on 3 January (P/R 1029). A more likely cause for the increase in unrest is that the Raiders are taking advantage of possible confusion attending the replacement of the 9th Regiment by the 2nd Regiment. (P/R 1017)

(3) Communist Violence Summary

Communist violence summary covering the period 31 December to 06 January follows:

	CHELLA HABDO	KYONGSANG HABDO	CHEJU DO	TOTAL
Attacks on villages			4	4
Attacks on constabulary			1	1
Attacks on Govt Bldgs			1	1
Communists killed	100	13	20	133
Police killed	3	6	1	10
Constabulary killed	3			3
Villagers killed			45	45

• 의귀리 교전 / 폭도 51명 사살(1949. 1. 14)

HQ USAFIK G-2 P/R 1037

(4) Ka Unit Defeats CHEJU-DO Attackers

An estimated force of 200 raiders attacked the 2nd Company of the 2nd Regiment at IKUI-RI (970-1170), CHEJU-DO, at 120630 January and suf-

ferred a sound defeat. When the raiders withdrew after a 2-hour fight they had lost 51 killed as opposed to 2 killed and 10 wounded for the KA unit. Arms taken from the rebels included 4 M-1 rifles, 10 Model 99 rifles and 3 carbines. (KA Report)

(5). Communist Violence Summary

Communist violence summary covering the period 07 - 13 January follows:

	CHOLLA NAMDO	KYONGSANG NAMDO	CHUNGCHONG PUKTO	CHJEJU DO	TOTAL
Attacks on villages	2		2		4
Attacks on police			1		1
Attacks on Korean Army				1	1
Villagers killed	5		4		9
Police killed			1		1
KA killed	1			2	3
Communists killed	19	1		51	70

• 게릴라, 두 차례 기습(1949. 1. 19)

HQ USAFIK G-2 P/R #1041

(6) Two Raids Made by CHJEJU-DO Guerrillas

CHJEJU-DO raiders continue to make sporadic attacks on villages. In two recent incidents a force estimated at 100 attacked SAMP0-Ri (Coordinates Unknown) on 13 January, and a group of 50 attacked KUDUK-Ni (930-1130) on 16 January. In the fighting 10 police and local civilians lost their lives, while 6 of the enemy were killed. (KA Report)

• 폭도들, 경찰 및 경비대 군복 수집(1949. 1. 20)

HQ USAFIK G-2 P/R #1042

b. Civil Unrest

(1) Raiders Collect Police and Army Uniforms

A Korean Army Intelligence report on 19 January noted that rebel raiders throughout South KOREA now are making a practice of stripping the dead bodies of KA and police victims.

There have been several incidents in recent weeks where guerrillas have been encountered in security force uniforms. Twice police were killed at MACHUN (1070-1380) by raiders in KA garb (P/Rs #1017-1022); a force of 60 rebels, dressed as soldiers, appeared in SAM YANG NI (950-1150), CHJEJU-DO, on 3 January, assembled village rightist and then opened fire, killing 31 persons. On 18 January KANGWON-DO police reported that 3 communist deserters from the Army, killed in a fight in SAKCHOK (1200-1630), were wearing police clothing.

COMMENT: The collection of uniforms by rebels presages an increase in the incidence of acts of violence by terrorists masquerading as security personnel. This strategy of the communists will prejudice present amicable police-Army relations and will undermine public confidence in both forces.

• 1주일간 폭력 요약(1949. 1. 21)

HQ USAFIK G-2 P/R #1043